VOL. LXVII. -NO. 262.

STREETS REETS HOOSE AND STREETS

we buffer sping Cas teburg. Heveland. To sking and land. To st Louis LPRESS. Duisvilley

Pittsburg Shenane land, ex-

4:25

AY.-For

Y. -7:56

LK. -7:58

1 and 261 hird Street and Cort-Street, 98 on, Brook-

sylvania

OOD, Agent

CHAT VIA BRISTOL Cars. New Oga, New

SOUTH.

DADWAY

EY

AMOND

CHUNK.
Limited.

or BUF-

HESTER,

OK, locale, 4.20, 6.10

Rail

Agent.

Points.

ach. lon-Leave a only, at

ine.

DEAN Canal St. ring direct est.

eamers.

URSIONS

IE BOATS

POWELL.

est 22d st.

UBLIC

EPSIE

SIONS

NEW YORK, SUNDAY, MAY 20, 1900. - COPYRIGHT. 1900. BY THE SUN PRINTING AND PUBLISHING ASSOCIATION. - THIRTY-TWO PAGES.

READY TO DISCUSS PEACE.

TRANSLAIL HEEDS THE GROWING DEMAND THAT WAR BE ENDED. Some Boer Irreconcilables Will Probably Re-

fuse to Accept British Domination and Take to the Hills North of Pretoria Kruger in This Class?-Peace Party's Hope That the United States Will Mediate England's Terms, I nconditional Surrender. Special Cable Despatches to THE SUN.

LONDON, May 19 - The celebration of Mafeking's relief is the only matter to which nineenths of the British nation will pay the slightest attention The mooted question of the intend-d submission of the Boerrepublics, which is of vastly greater practical importance, scarcely attracts the notice of the shouting millions who still fill the streets of this and

other British cities. It is very un-English, according to the commonly accepted ideas of the British character, that the nation should go wild over an event which is chiefly of sentimental value and ignore subject which closely affects a development of great crisis which confronts other countries as well as this. The truth is, as those who knew them well are already aware, Englishmen are a sentimental race. Next week they will turn with the liveliest interest to the important developments of the war as a whole and to the eignificant reports of proposed peace negotia-

tions which are coming from Pretoria. In regard to these latter the situation is somewhat difficult to understand, but certain things are clear. It is undeniable that a section of the Boers, especially the Free Staters, are now urging the authorities to make peace on the best terms obtainable. This section has grown rapidly in strength and influence during

the past few days. Information on this point and in regard to the probable policy of the Transvaal Government comes from THE SUN'S correspondents in two ways, first in ordinary press despatches, which are subject to censorship by both the Boer and British Governments, and second by a private code which was arranged early in the war. The latter is satisfactory so far as it goes, but is necessarily inelastic and incapable of conveying shades of meaning. It has been made entirely clear, however, that the peace sentiment is so strong that the Transvaal authori-

ties are ready to open negotiations. t is also a fact that they are anxious to induce the United States to act as intermediary. as France acted in the Spanish-American War. They have been informed that the American Government regards the situation as essentially different, inasmuch as France acted as a gobetween for two sovereign powers, while Great Britain refuses so to recognize the South African republics and insists that they shall make direct communication on the question of peace or any other subject, as was actually done earer in the war when telegrams passed between Frate Secretaty Reitz and Premier Salisbury in regard to the embargo on food at Delagoa Bay. urthermore the Transvaal authorities are

convinced, and it is safe to say with good reason that the only conditions for a cessation of postilities which Great Britain will accept are complete submission, to be made either in London direct or to Gen. Lord Roberts in the field. These terms, or lack of terms, THE SUN'S Pretoria correspondent affirms under vesterday's date, the belligerent section of the Boers will ever accept.

The crucial point is, has the peace party among the Boers acquired a majority or dominating influence on this question? As regards the free Staters, there is good reason to believe that it must be answered in the affir President Stevn, whatever his personal wishes may be, no longer controls his fellow Boers, whose country is now virtually in possession of the British The indications are, according to all information, that he has gone to make a last appeal to his countrymen in the field. It cannot be doubted, however, according to the stern military facts of the situation, that the seat of operations will now be speedily transferred to the Transvaal, and the Free Staters who elect to throw their lot with the northern republic must sacrifice their homes.

The Transvaalers are made of sterner stuff and there is a certain proportion, not a small one, who will never submit to British domina-tion, whatever the Government may do. It is generally believed that President Kruger will be one of these irreconcilables, and Secretary of State Reitz, also. The question may soon arise, perhaps it has arisen already, how far the Excutive can resist this demand for peace if it is made by a majority of the burghers. This matter is of the greatest importance for it involves the point of a technical continuation of a state of war, perhaps indefinitely. It is not improbable that Great Britain will perhaps be willing to show magnanimity int the peace negotiations, except of course upon the matter of annexation, for it is conceded that if the Boers, even a few thousand, withdraw to the northern hills, it will be a matter of months, perhaps years, to subdue them.

It is the almost universal opinion on the Continent as well as in England, that the events of the past few days have brought the end of the war almost in sight. It is felt by friends of the Boers as well as by their enemies that Pretoria will fall into the possession of the British within a few weeks, even if resistance is con-

Some ugly hints are arriving that as a last desperate measure both Johannesburg and Pretoria will be destroyed, but this will avail nothing in the end. Indeed, the principal sufferers will be those who, after a struggle which has won for them the admiration of the world, are willing to submit to the inevitable. There are many such already in the Transvaal and they are probably strong enough to prevent an

act of wanton and useless anarchy. ANTWERP, May 19. A report has reached here from The Hague that the Boers will now sue for peace at any cost. Even Presidents BERNE, May 19—A committee of the Inter-national Peace Bureau, which assembled here to-day, decided to issue an address to the signatory Powers of The Hague Convention as a last appeal for their a sistance in estabishing peace between Great Britain and the South African Republic. The appeal seeks to show that the clauses of the convention providing for a pacific settlement of international disputes apply not only to conflicts between the signatory Powers, but to all international differences. fireat Britain, the appeal says, could not re-sard an offer of the Powers to mediate as an unfriendly act because it would come within

the category of cases anticipated by the con-The bureau, basing its appeal on these arguments, begs the Powers to ask themselves whether the hour has arrived to consider an offer of mediation as the fulfilment of an obligation to humanity which the bureau opens. The appeal goes on to say that the efforts of international diplomacy would secure the ace, tance of proposals which, if put forward in the name of the civilized world, would all its bring peace that would be honorable trail parties

NDON, May 19 It is announced that 500

Change in Time of Pittsfield Express.

The first Pittsfield Express via the Harlem Division of the New York resistal Railroad leaving Grand entral Station at 25 P. M. will, under the new cliesties taking effect today, leave Grand Central Station and Pawling at 5.08 P. M. Millerton, 5.55 P. M.; Chatbam, 6.50 P. M. and Pittsfield at 7.34 P. M.—Adv.

TO BLOW UP BRITISH WARSHIPS. LONDON'S WILD REJOICING.

Boer Emissaries Sent to Durban and Cape Town for That Purpose. Special Cable Desputch to THE SUN.

DURBAN, May 18.—The story of the plot to blow up the British warship Forte in Delagoa Bay is confirmed and the conspiracy appears to have been much more extensive than at first believed. An explanation of the proclamation issued a month ago, that, boats approaching too near warships without permission would be fired on, is that the Admiral commanding the South African station thus gave an early intimation to Boer emissaries who had been appointed to visit Durban and Cape Town and attack the warships with infernal machines that a strict surveillance would be maintained every night on all men-of-war

TOWN RELIEVED ON MAY 16. Column of 2.000 Picked Men Defeated the Boers Sent to Check Them.

Special Cable Despatches to THE SUN. From THE SUN'S Correspondent at Pretoria. PRETORIA, May 18, via Lorenzo Marques, May 19, 11 A. M.—A despatch from the Malopo

laager dated yesterday (Thursday) says: "A large British contingent from the south having got into Mafeking yesterday the siege was raised, the Federal commandos withdraw-

LONDON, May 19.- A despatch to the Central News from Cape Town, dated Saturday, 1:15 P. M., says:

"A despatch from the Central News correspondent with the Mafeking relief force says: We approached the town from the south and were attacked by a strong force of Boers. The attack was repulsed and the advance resumed. The Boers retreated hurriedly and the British pursued them. Fighting was continued in a rear-guard action.

'The British casualties were insignificant.' The Central News correspondent at Cape Town, telegraphing under to-day's date, says: "I am permitted by the censor to say that the Mafeking relief column consisted of 2,000 picked men from the South African Light Horse, the Imperial Yeomanry and the Kimberley Horse. They left Kimberley on May & with thirty-five wagons of stores and ammunition, four horse artillery guns, two pompoms and two maxims, and took a route to the westward of the railway. Short official bulletins have arrived at Cape Town from time to time stating that their advance was not being opposed. It is believed in official circles here that the relief of Mafeking was effected with the most trifling loss.

BRITISH TAKE BOTHAVILLE.

Quick Dash From Kroonstad to Scatter the Johannesburg Mounted Police.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. From THE SUN'S Correspondent with Gen. Roberts. KROONSTAD, May 18, 8:15 A. M -Col Pilcher with 400 men from Alderson's command, including Canadians and Australians, all mounted yesterday, captured Bothaville and drove the Johannesburg zarps northward.

These mounted policemen have been interfering to a great extent with the distribution of Lord Roberts's proclamation among the burghers. In one case an English resident of Bothaville of the name of Heath volunteered to distribute the proclamation in that place and rode thither from Kroonstad. He started to distribute copies of the proclamation when his Kaffir servant informed him that he had heard the Boers plotting to surround his house and capture him. Mr. Heath mounted his horse and started back toward the British lines, followed by a hall of bullets from the rifles of the

BULLER'S CAVALRY AT LAING'S NEK Caught a Few of the Boers Who Were Hurry-ing Across the Border.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. LONDON, May 19.-The War Office has received the following despatch from Gen.

"NEWCASTLE, May 19. - Clery moved to Ingogo to-day and Dundonald to Laing's Nek. We almost caught up with the tail of the enemy's column and made a few prisoners and captured a few wagons. The men have marched very

"I left Ladysmith on May 10 and by the roads used I am now 138 miles from it. The telegraph section has been indefatigable. The Army

Service Corps has kept us in full rations all the "The Fifth Division has done a great deal of

MOVING NORTH FROM ZULULAND. Pretoria Reports Another British Advance

-Steyn Goes to the Front. From THE SUN's Correspondent at Pretoria. PRETORIA, May 18, via Lorenzo Marques, May 9.—A despatch from Charlestown, on the Natal

border, dated May 17, says: "A British column is advancing northward rom Zululand." President Steyn left Pretoria to-day (Friday)

for the Free State front. Lindley has been occupied by the British. The Federal commandos and the British out-posts are in close touch.

GEN. RUNDLE MOVING NORTH.

low Twenty-Eight Miles Southeast of Winburg-March Unopposed. Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. LONDON, May 20. - A despatch to the Exchange

Saturday, says:
"Gen. Rundle is camping at Trommel, twentyeight miles southeast of Winburg. Parties of through an exceedingly difficult country. A | tion of the relief of Mafeking. At 1:30 o'clock number of prisoners were taken at Mequatling's Nek. Gen. Olivier's commando passed an hour later thousands were still parading the Dowager Empress secretly approves of it. The Trommel in the direction of Lindley."

NOT UNCONDITIONAL SURRENDER. Transvaal Wants Better Terms - Fighting Men's Spirit Said to Be Unbroken.

From THE SUN'S Correspondent at Pretoria PRETORIA, May 18, via Lorenzo Marques, May 19, 11 A. M. There is a strong determination mong the fighting men of the Transvasi to resist the British advance into this Republic to the utmost.

It is certain that the Government is not disposed to entertain proposals for unconditional

INDICATION OF EARLY PEACE. Significant Order About the Shipment of Goods for the Transvaal.

Flint, Eddy & Co. of this city received instructions yesterday not to make any further shipments to the Transvaal via the Continent. The despatch was from the agent of the firm in The despatch was from the agent of the firm in Delagoa Bay. Before the war in South Africa all the goods sent to the Transvaal went then by way of Cape ports. The British being in possession of all Cape ports, of course so long as the war lasted the shipment of merchandise through them was impossible. The directions to ship through them again is taken as an indication that the war is about to be brought to a close. It accords with THE SUN'S despatches from Pretoria to the effect that the Boers are ready to sue for peace.

Decoration Day Excursions. Haif fare to Niagara Falls, Thousand Islands and Adjrondack Mountains, via New York Central. Par-ticulars from ticket agents.—Ads.

RIOTOUS CELEBRATION OF MAPE. KING'S RELIEF CONTINUES.

Mild Anarchy in the Rule of the Vast Cheering Crowds Which Hold Possession of London's Streets Police Powerless to Control Them-Thieves Gather a Harvest.

Special Cable Despatches to THE SUN. LONDON, May 19. London to-day continued to furnish one of the most memorable spectacles of the age. What last night was patriotic fervor and excitement over the relief of Mafeking, to-night is wild horse-play and dissipation. The noise is incessant and deafening, but now is mostly that of horns, drums and all manner of raucous instruments. The human throat could not keep up for more than twenty-four hours that cry which rang louder, longer and more insistent than any with which the voice. of man ever rent the heavens.

The crowds to-night are even larger than last night. It seems as if all London's six millions vast masses of humanity that mild anarchy reigns and all means of control are utterly powerless.

The Lord Mayor was literally kept a prisoner in the Mansion House. It would have precipitated some great calamity had he tried, as he desired, to go to St. Paul's Cathedral for the Te Deum. The cathedral authorities dared not hold the announced service lest the multitude should crush one another in the great auditorium. Many times it was feared this afternoon would be repeated on a larger scale in the world's metropolis.

It is the literal truth that not a minute has passed since the news of the raising of the siege arrived without cheering throughout London and in every big city in the land. No work was done in England to-day. The employees of all the great city houses on arriving at their places of business this morning found this laconic notice posted up before them: "You may go They did not go home. They rehome. mained in the streets, waving flags, singing and shouting

No traffic is permitted near the Mansion House. It is simply impossible for any vehicle to force its way through the surging throngs. The crowd found somewhere a private soldier

who was a survivor of the siege of Ladysmith. He was dressed in khaki and had to use crutches on account of his wounds. The crowd carried him in their arms to the front of the Mansion House where they raised him on a platform of human heads and there the multitude still holds and worships him for aught that is known to the contrary, for no one can get within a block of the place. Every cab, dray and other vehicle in London

carries flags. There is hardly a building in the metropolis that is not decorated, and few of the countless multitudes on the street are without some scrap of the national color. Railway trains are similarly decorated, and every locomotive greets another with the best whistle on carefully selected horses, dashed northward | imitation of cock-a-doodle-doo that the engineer can manipulate.

At the Stock Exchange there was only a nominal session. The brokers gave themselves over to demonstrations similar to those on the street outside.

At 2:30 o'clock this afternoon the crowd in front of the War Office numbered fully 30,000. It is impossible to compute the number of people who were in front of the Mansion House of flour were scattered broadcas

exploded from the roofs of houses in the vicinity of the Mansion House.

Later on disgraceful scenes occurred. A gang of thieves obtained possession of the square in front of the Mansion House, and in the most open manner hustled respectable people whom they deliberately and forcibly robbed of their the eyes of the police, who seemed to be powerabout an hour. Finally the police stopped them try to pass the Mansion House, but to make a detour by byways. After this drastic measures were adopted in order to end the disorder. London is brilliantly illuminated to-night. Gasjet mottoes bearing popular inscriptions

It is understood that the Queen has sent a cable message to Col. Baden-Powell, the commander of the Mafeking garrison, congratulating him and his gallant troops and also inquiring him and his gallant troops and also inquiring sympathetically about the women and

At Windsor this afternoon, when the Queen Majesty's carriage. Later on there was a monster torchlight procession through the afterward ordered that the public should be admitted to the quadrangle. The crowd became very enthusiastic and sang the national

anthem with great energy The War Office still has no official news of the relief of Mafeking.

To-night's Court Circular says the Queen re ceived yesterday afternoon with the greatest Telegraph Company from Winburg, dated gratification and thankfulness the news of the

LONDON, May 20.—The Mansion House and the War Office were besieged all night by mul-Boers were seen during his unopposed march titudes who were awaiting an official confirma-

> and recitations written for the occasion. box at the Alhambra. When the vast audience

recognized her they rose and gave cheer after Telegrams from the principal towns of the Kingdom show that the jubilation is no less demonstrative. The cable congratulations which corporations and other bodies are endeavoring to push through to Col. Baden-Powell and his comrades are blocking the wires.

CAPE TOWN REJOICES. Pro-Boer Meeting Stopped and Rioting Fol-lows at Craddock.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN CAPE TOWN, May 19. - All the British residents here are rejoicing over the relief of Mafeking. A pro-Boer meeting at Craddock, Cape Colony, which had been called by Mr. Hargrove, a member of the Afrikander Bond, was stopped and rioting followed.

The news of the relief of Mafeking has been received with the greatest satisfaction by the American residents. The parade of troops on the Queen's birthday will be on an unprece-dented scale.

By Running Waters

Your journey is made if it be by the New York Central, up the Hudson River through the Mohawk Valley, passing Niegara Falls and beside the great lakes—Ads

TROUBLE LIKELY IN MOROCCO. Death of the Grand Vizier Gives France Her

Opportunity Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, May 19.—The death of Sid Ahmed Ben Musa, Grand Vizier of Morocco, will not only cause an acute internal crisis in Morocco, but there is a probability of complica-tions with France, who is desirous of taking advantage of the internal trouble to further her own political ends. Sid Ahmed, since he enthroned in 1894 Abdul Aziz, a boy of 14, has ruled the country with the iron hand of an absolute despot. He has held the country together, quelled rebellions and subdued disorderly tribes with the utmost cruelty, and at the same time, by wholesale confiscation and enormous exactions from the rich, peaceful agricultural tribes, has amassed a colossal fortune, which will probably pass to the Sultan. Now that the strong hand is removed, leaving the country exhausted and discontented under an inexperienced youth, an internal crisis is naturally to be expected.

France has already given signs of a readiness to take advantage of this. The Paris press is are in the streets. So great, indeed, are these already talking, without apparent foundation of danger on the Algerian frontier. There are the purpose of destroying the French column at Igli. The Government has instructed military authorities on the spot to take measures to protect the frontier, and the Minister at Tangier has been ordered to inform the native autherities that aggression on the French frontier would be rigorously repulsed. Though the French foreign office admits that the tribes south of Morocco are practically independent that the great coronation disaster of Moscow | and the Sultan is not responsible, France seems eager to sieze any such excuse for an encroachment on the Sultan's dominions or indepen-

ENGLISH RIFLE CLUB SCHEME

War Office Recognition of Premier Salisbury's Statement of the Nation's Need.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. LONDON, May 19. Prior and subsequent to Premier Salisbury's plea that every male adult in England learn to handle a rifle, numerous applications were made to the National Rifle Association by persons desirous of forming local rifle clubs. A council deputed by the War Office to deal with the matter has issued a scheme for the formation of clubs in affiliation with the National Association, each club to have at least twenty subscribing members and to pay an annual registration fee. Rifles and ammunition are to be issued, on payment of special rates, to each club in the proportion of one rifle to ten members and 100 rounds of ammunition to each member each year. The rifles are to be the property of the club and are not to remain in the hands of members. All ranges must be approved by military authority.

The scheme is accepted as a recognition by the War Office of the national need which Lord Salisbury made prominent, but it is criticised as inadequate, as apparently the members must bear the expense of organization, administration and maintenance, while a tenth-part ownership in a Lee-Metford rifle and a weekly allowance of less than two rounds of ammunition are not likely to rear a race of expert

COMING ITALIAN ELECTIONS. Pope Forbids Catholics to Take Part in Them -Probable Changes.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. be obtained emerged from the mob a shapeless spondent writes that the new elections will sengers from San Francisco. He placed inspectors at El Paso and Texline, the two all directions. Resides this numberless has a contract the new elections will spectors at El Paso and Texline, the two LONDON, May 19.-THE SUN'S Rome correall directions. Besides this, numberless bags | Chamber will merely be asked to vote a provis-There was some violence, and in a number of | ing will be followed by a long adjournment. bases the police were called upon to interfere. The party of the Extreme Left alone is prepared To add to the din and confusion bombs were | to fight at a general election now, and it is sure to gain a few seats. It has decided to run a candidate in nearly all of the 508 electorial

Signor Colombo will not seek a realection to the Presidency of the Chamber, and Signor Biancheri will probably be President. He is about the only politician likely to maintain valuables. This occurred time after time under peace among the various parliamentary

less to interfere as a consequence of the vast-ness of the crowd. The robberies continued for Catholics to vote at the forthcoming election. Two hundred and twenty-five Archbishops to a large extent by warning every one not to and Bishops have already arrived at Rome for the ceremony of canonization on May 25. Eighty more are expected in a few days. Counting the Italian prelates there will be over four hundred Archbishops and Bishops in Rome, which will be the record for this century.

STREET CAR STRIKE IN BERLIN.

BERLIN, May 19 —A general strike of the employees of the street tramways was inaugurated was returning to the castle from Wellington | this morning. The men demand higher wages. College, she had to go through excited and cheering crowds who were able to touch her strikers unhitched the horses from the cars with the result that all cars were withdrawn.

There has been considerable rioting and the town, which wound up with a serenade to the Queen on the quadrangle of the castle. Her Majesty watched the procession and the celewho number about six thousand. The omni-Majesty watched the procession and the cele-bration from the windows of the castle and

MASSACRE OF CHINESE CONVERTS. Anti-Foreign Society.

SHANGHAI, May 19.—The Christian village of Lai-Shun, seventy miles from Pekin, with the French mission, has been destroyed by the anti-

foreign society known as the Boxers. Seventythree converts were massacred. The measures taken by the Government to suppress the Boxers have resulted in intensifythis morning the crowds began to diminish, but | ing the movement, as it is rumored that the

The theatres and music halls were packed with great audiences last night. The programmes consisted mainly of patriotic songs the American missionaries at Shan-Tung.

Mrs Baden-Powell and her family occupied'a ENGLISHMEN CELEBRATE IN PARIS. Frenchmen Reply With "Long Live the Boers, but the Police Prevent Trouble.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. PARIS, May 19 -When posters announcing the relief of Mafeking were affixed to the English section of the Exposition to-day a number of English visitors assembled and sang the British national anthem. This attracted the attention of many Frenchmen, who cried, "Long live the Boers!" The police interfered and dispersed the crowd.

GLADSTONE STATUE UNVEILED.

the House of Commons Lobby. Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN LONDON, May 19.—The statue of Gladstone in the centre lobby of the House of Commons was unveiled at noon to-day by the Right Hon. Sir

Henry Campbell-Bannerman, who held many important posts during Mr. Gladstone's admin-istrations. There was a distinguished company The Niagara at Queenstown. Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. QUEENSTOWN, May 19.—The yacht Niagara with Mr. and Mrs. Howard Gould and party arrived here this morning.

Platt's Chierides is a concentrated liquid disinfectant, ederious, safe and cheep. -Ada.

ALL CHINATOWN BARRED AND IN A DEFIANT MOOD.

Health Officers Decide to Inoculate All in the Chinese Quarter - Doors Broken Down by Health Authorities With the Ald of Police Business There Entirely Suspended. SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., May 19.-Chinatown

to-day looked as though there was a funeral in every house. The doors of all stores, restaurants and even barber shops were closed and barricaded. Window shutters were put up and scarcely a soul was to be seen in the streets The Chinese remained in their houses in a sullen, defiant mood, for they had been warned by their Consul that the Board of Health had determined to inoculate all the Chinese with anti-plague serum. Several suspicious deaths have occurred recently and these the health officers regarded as a sufficient pretext for

once more overhauling the quarter. The Chinese, who were put to great trouble and expense only a few weeks ago, asserted that if deaths from bubonic plague had occurred reports of a holy war and tribal movements for | in Chinatown there would be others to follow Chinese Consul Ho You said to-day:

"It is infamous to begin this crusade against us. The Board of Health would not dare to treat any other race in this way. If the plague were in the quarter no power could hide it The very fact that in two months the Board of Health has only found five suspicious cases is clear proof that these cases were not plague Cases

"Two months ago we cleaned the Chines quarter with great thoroughness, and it is now in as good sanitary condition as any other part of the city. It was all I could do last night to keep many of my countrymen from resorting to force to prevent the health officials from invading their premises, and I still fear there may be bloodshed, as the Chinese are dangerously wrought up over what they justly regard as an illegal invasion of their rights."

To-day police officers surrounded the quarter to overawe the Chinese and assist the health officials to inoculate the Chinese in buildings where, it is said, suspicious cases have been found. The Chinese would not open their doors, so the doors were battered in. No resistance was offered the Chinese cowering in corners in deadly fear. They are afraid that the inoculation fluid used is deadly. One cooly, who was inoculated last week, died in three days. No quarantine has been established over Chinatown, as was the case before, but all who go in or out are examined.

The Chinese have declared all business susalso reported that injunction suits will be just discrimination and as illegal as was the old cue ordinance or the law against Chinese

11 he found plague bacillus. April 27 another case occurred, verified by bacteriological ex-amination and so reported May 2. May 18 Banker E. F. Ames Charges Dr. C. R. Knapp there were two cases from plague. May 16 another case was reported. There have been six cases, and so far as known the disease has appeared only among the Chinese.

"The bureau has sent to San Francisco about twenty-five thousand bottles of Haffkine preventive and is still forwarding it. It has also sent a quantity of the curative serum. Inspectors have been stationed at the railroad crossings of the State and the railroad companies have been instructed to refuse sale of tickets to Chinese passengers. A train-inspection service has been ordered. The Interstate Quarantine law of March 27, 1880, will be enforced. The bureau will operate through Surgeon Kinyoun, who will cooperate with State and local Boards of Health Special apfour additional commissioned medical officers have been sent to report to Surgeon Kinyoun. "Surgeon Kinyoun reports to-night that difficulty has been experienced in the house to house inspection and in making the preventive inoculations, but believes the obstacles can be

overcome in a short time." BOERS MAY COME TO US.

Peace Envoys Say Great Emigration Would Follow British Triumph.

BALTIMORE, May 19.-C. W. Van der Hoogt, Secretary of the State Bureau of Immigration, who accompanied the Boer peace Envoys from New York to Washington, says he is convinced that in case of British victory many Boers that in case of British victory many noers will come to this country. The Envoys would not give Mr. Van der Hoogt much encouragement to talk along this line, because they said that, notwithstanding the present seeming reverses, their countrymen would finally be able to tire the British out and bring the war to a favorable conclusion. But in the event that the Boers should be defeated, the Envoys said, there should be defeated, the Envoys said, twould be a general emigration to America.

PROTEST AGAINST SENATOR HOAR. Objection in Lowell to His Delivering the

Fourth of July Oration There.

Lowell, Mass., May 19. - Owing to the closeness of the Fifth Congress district no feature ever proposed by a Fourth of July committee has encountered such a sweep of protest as the vote whereby the committee invited United States Senator George F. Hoar to deliver the patriotic oration. Objection is made everywhere—at the City Hail, on the street corners and in the stores. It is more than a protest; it threatens to become a demonstration of the noisy kind if it is carried out. The district is prepared to get excited with very little provocation, for it has long been anticipated that the fight between State Representatives Butter, Ames and Congressman William S. Knox for the Congress nomination will be one of the warmest things in its line, and the prospect for political fireworks has been enhanced recently by the entrance into the scritimpage of ex-Mayor Pickman. The Republican managers are, therefore, unusually sensitive, and they are said to be taking quiet steps to preclude a situation which they think might greatly encourage the Democratic candidate.

Standard Oil Agent Kills Himself. AUGUSTA, Me., May 19. Frank E. Crowley,

manager of the Standard Oil Company's office in this city, committed suicide by shooting shortly before noon to-day. He was 45 years old, and leaves a wife and three daughters.

Training Ship Vicksburg at Newport. NEWPORT, R. I., May 19.—The United States training ship Vicksburg arrived here this morning from Boston, in tow of the tug Potomac. She will be used for the training of naval apprentices.

E. & W. E. & W. E. & W.

All pure white linen.

A cool shirt for warm weather -Ada.

PLAGUE IN SAN FRANCISCO. PRESIDENT PARDONS BROUGHTON. Two Convicted of the Same Offence on the Tes timony of the Same Handwriting Experts.

> WASHINGTON, May 19. The President pardoned William Broughton to-day, who is serv ing a five years' term in the Georgia Penitentiary for sending obscene literature through the mails. Broughton was convicted by the testimony of two handwriting experts and after he was sent to the penitentiary March 14 last the obscene letters which had been sent to a woman continued to pass through the mails in the same handwriting. Finally the police arrested a man of the name of Mitchell, and he was convicted by the same expert testimony that convicted Broughton, together with other evidence which the police secured. Mitchell has been sentenced in his turn and Broughton pardoned. The Attorney-General in commenting on handwriting expert testimony in this case points out how absolutely unreliable the deductions of these experts may be and the injustice of depending upon such evidence in convicting suspected persons.

BLACKBURN SAYS CHEER UP. Telegraphs From Washington That the Ken-

tucky Democrats Will Surely Win. FRANKFORT, Ky., May 18.—Senator-elect J. C. S. Blackburn to-day telegraphed to Democratic Gov. Peckham from Washington that he should have no uneasiness over the Supreme Court decision as to the Governorship, as it would be satisfactory. The Taylor Government likewise telegraphs from high authority that they will win. Since the report that the court would probably sustain the contention of Beckham has been published, a boom has been started for ex-Gov. W. O. Bradley, for the

Bradley to-day said: "I am not eligible to succeed myself and four years would have to elapse before I could serve were I elected Governor, but I am in no sense a candidate and would not accept the nomination were it tendered me under any circumstances. I believe Taylor will win the case in the Supreme Contrand there will be no necessity for an election."

Republican nomination for Governor. Gov.

for an election."

Gov. Bradley said he had not decided whether he would remove to New York to practise law. "I have several flattering offers to go to New York, but have not decided what I will do. I may remain in Frankfort."

Taylor will be the Republican nominee for Governor if Beckham wins in the Supreme Court. He will probably decline it and there is possibility that Lieut.-Gov. John Marshall will make the race against Beckham, who will be named by the Democrats.

SPLICED, NOT BARRELLED UP. Marriage of Capt. Tapley of the St. James After a Long-Distance Courtship. BANGOR, Me , May 19 .- While the New York

deputy marshals and others were looking pended, and in this way they purpose to retali- around for Capt. Robert Morris Tapley of the ate on the municipal authorities. It is bark St. James to get him to testify at the trial of his mate on a charge of abusing his brought next Monday, as well as damage suits to test the right of the Brooksville getting married, and he had no Board of Health to inoculate the Chinese and idea of what was going on Capt Tapley's to break into their houses to accomplish this marriage resulted from a rather romantiq purpose. Chinese merchants declare it is un- courtship conducted under dimeulties and often at long range. Although both he and his bride are Maine people, they first met in Hong wash houses, both of which were declared invalid by the Supreme Court.

AUSTIN, Tex., May 19.—State Health Officer Blunt received a telegram this evening from Surgeon-General Wyman of the Marine Hospital service saying that there are seven cases of bubonic plague in San Francisco. He immediately issued a proclamation declaring a rigid quarantine against freight and passengers from San Francisco. He placed inspectors at El Paso and Texline, the two railway gateways to the State on the west. No traffic from San Francisco will be permitted to enter Texas.

Washington, May 19.—Surgeon-General Wyman to-night gave out the following statement:

"March 8 Surgeon Kinyoun reported a suspicious case had died in Chinatown, and March 11 he found plague bacillus. April 27 another wash houses, both of which were declared in- Kong. It was a case of love at first sight, and

the only pure and correct Mineral Waters, you may have your whiskey spoiled by inferior mineral water.

—Adv.

16 TO 1 STATE CONVENTION.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

"CAPTURED BY HILL." SHOUTS THE

MINORITY'S SPOKESMAN. No Contesting Delegation to Kansas City Unless the Regulars Play Tricks-Attack on Hill, Croker and Whitney Suppressed

-Jones (Ark.) Invokes Harmony-Abbots of National Headquarters' Watchfulness-Want an Altgeld National Platform. The Chicago Platform Democracy held its State Convention yesterday, or a part of it, in the assembly room of Teutonia Hall, Third avenue, between Fifteenth and Sixteenth streets. Whether there will be another session will depend upon what the regular Democrate do at their convention on June 5. If at the regular Democratic Convention the Chicago platform is reaffirmed and the delegates to the Kansas City Convention receive iron-bound instructions to vote for Bryan first, last and all the time, then the Chicago Platform Democrate

will set the seal of their approval on the work of

the State Convention of the regular Democrats

and give no supplementary performance of

their own. If, however, the regular Democrats don't talk right out in meeting for Bryan and the platform of 1896, the Chicago platform folks will, on June 6, hold the other session of their convention and send a contesting delegation to This was the decision arrived at about 6:30 o'clock last evening, after the convention had been in session all day. It was called to order at about 10 o'clock by Dr. George W. Thompson of New York, chairman of the Convertion Committee. When Dr. Thompson pounded on the little table in front of him for order there were just forty-seven delegates in the room.

According to the official list there should have been 300. Dr. Thompson made a speech, in the course of which he said: "We know what we want and will be satisfied if we get it; but we wont be satisfied until we do get it. We have the same want now that we had in 1898. We're not here to create strife. although our opponents and the press have tried to make it appear that we are. If the Gold Democrats - the so-called regular wingdo their duty, we shall be satisfied. If they don't, we will fight them to the doors of the National Convention. We must send men to that convention who are true to the principles of the Democratic party But these alleged regulars are not Democrats and never were. [Uproarious applause.) If they do what the people want we will help them, because we recognize that principles are more than men."

Georgeites, for temporary chairman. Mr. Brown was politely received. He congratulated the delegates "on the development of radical sentiments in State and nation," and defined "radical sentiments" as the principles of true Democracy. Then he added: "We should feel encouraged by the work done by our leader, William Jennings Bryan, since 1896. (Everybody whooped it up with

Dr. Thompson nominated James R. Brown of

New York, better known as "Orator" Brown

of the Single Tax Club and the Henry

hands and feet and voice.] The world cannot furnish an example of a man who has walked freer and kept himself freer from entangling alliances than has Mr. Bryan during all these years of defeat."

When Mr. Brown had concluded his speech. When Mr. Brown had concluded his speech, he directed a call of the temporary roll of the convention. Of the expected 300 delegates there were now seventy-one who answered to their names. The Committee on Credentials, of which A. J. Boulton of New York was made the chairman, retired to consider the temporary roll and to hear any contests. The convention in the meantime listened to the reading of some letters from more or less prominent Bryan Democrats by the Secretary of the Convention, M. G. Palliser. One of these letters was from Willis J. Abbott, chairman of the press bureau of the National Democratic Committee, sta-

Weether or not hey did sull in the bein't is not proved that and the provided that and the provided that and the provided that and the provided that are the provided that the provided that are the provided that the provided that are the provi

in 1896, will betrayed the New York Democrats in 1896, will betray us again. Houd howle of Yale man will tutor entire summer for \$100. Address H. H. R., 141 Montague St., Brooklyn.—Add.